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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier

Heli Ultra Schmuckbeize

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1 Relevant uses

Cleaning agent

1.2.2 Uses advised against

None known.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Beco Technic GmbH Company

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1.4 Emergency telephone number

Advisory body +49 (0) 551-19240 (24h)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin Corr. 1A: H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1: H318 Causes serious eye damage. Carc. 2: H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Repr. 2: H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



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2.2 Label elements

The product is required to be labelled in accordance with GHS/CLP-Directives.

Hazard pictograms

E.S.

Signal word DANGER

Contains: Hydrochloric acid

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),.alpha.-(2-propyklheptyl)-.omega.-hydroxy-

Thiourea

Hazard statements H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children. P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P260 Do not breathe vapours / spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water / shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents / container to in accordance with local / regional / national /

international regulation.

Cleaner, 648/2004/CE, contains: < 5% non-ionic surfactants

2.3 Other hazards

Human health dangers It is essential for pregnant women to avoid inhaling the product and not to let it come in

contact with the skin.

Other hazards Further hazards were not determined with the current level of knowledge.

SECTION 3: Composition / Information on ingredients

Product-type:

The product is a mixture.

Range [%]	Substance
5 - 15	Thiourea
	CAS: 62-56-6, EINECS/ELINCS: 200-543-5, EU-INDEX: 612-082-00-0
	GHS/CLP: Carc. 2: H351 - Repr. 2: H361d - Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Aquatic Chronic 2: H411
1 - < 10	Hydrochloric acid
	CAS: 7647-01-0, EINECS/ELINCS: 231-595-7, EU-INDEX: 017-002-01-X
	GHS/CLP: Skin Corr. 1B: H314 - STOT SE 3: H335 - Met. Corr. 1: H290
1 - < 5	Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),.alpha(2-propyklheptyl)omegahydroxy-
	CAS: 160875-66-1, EINECS/ELINCS: Polymer
	GHS/CLP: Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Eye Dam. 1: H318

Comment on component parts For full text of H-statements: see SECTION 16.

Substances of Very High Concern - SVHC: substances are not contained or are below 0.1%.



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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Inhalation Ensure supply of fresh air.

Remove the victim into fresh air and keep him calm. In the event of symptoms seek medical treatment.

Skin contact In case of contact with skin wash off immediately with soap and water.

Immediate medical treatment necessary, as untreated burns can result in slow-healing

wounds

Eye contact Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing.
Consult a doctor immediately.

Ingestion Consult a doctor immediately.

Do not induce vomiting.

Rinse out mouth and give plenty of water to drink.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No information available.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

If swallowed or in the event of vomiting, risk of product entering the lungs.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media All extinguishing media are suitable but method must take into account the surrounding area

to minimize dispersion.

Extinguishing media that must not

be used

Full water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Risk of formation of toxic pyrolysis products.

Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Use self-contained breathing apparatus.

Wear full protective suit.

Collect contaminated firefighting water separately, must not be discharged into the drains. Fire residues and contaminated firefighting water must be disposed of in accordance within

the local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Wear suitable protective equipment. For personal protection see SECTION 8.

Remove persons to safety.

High risk of slipping due to leakage/spillage of product.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).

Do not discharge into the drains/surface waters/groundwater.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Take up with absorbent material (e.g. acid binder).

Pick up with absorbent material (e.g. sand, universal absorbent, diatomaceous earth).

Dispose of absorbed material in accordance within the regulations.



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Reference to other sections

See SECTION 8+13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Use barrier skin cream.

Wash hands before breaks and after work.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Provide acid-resistant floor.

Keep only in original container.

Do not store with alkalies.

Do not store together with oxidizing agents.

Do not store together with food and animal food/diet.

Keep container tightly closed.

Keep container in a well-ventilated place.

Keep in a cool place.

Protect from heat/overheating.

Protect from sun.

Specific end use(s)

See product use, SECTION 1.2

SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters 8.1

Ingredients with occupational exposure limits to be monitored (GB)

Substance

Hydrochloric acid

CAS: 7647-01-0, EINECS/ELINCS: 231-595-7, EU-INDEX: 017-002-01-X

Long-term exposure: 1 ppm, 2 mg/m³, gas and aerosol mists

Short-term exposure (15-minute): 5 ppm, 8 mg/m³

Ingredients with occupational exposure limits to be monitored (EU)

Substance / EC LIMIT VALUES

Hydrochloric acid

CAS: 7647-01-0, EINECS/ELINCS: 231-595-7, EU-INDEX: 017-002-01-X

Eight hours: 5 ppm, 8 mg/m³

Short-term (15-minute): 10 ppm, 15 mg/m³

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8.2 Exposure controls

Additional advice on system designEnsure adequate ventilation on workstation.Eye protectionTightly fitting goggles. (EN 166:2001)Hand protection0,7mm: Butyl rubber, >480 min (EN 374).

The details concerned are recommendations. Please contact the glove supplier for further

information.

Skin protectionAcid-resistant protective clothing.OtherAvoid contact with eyes and skin.

It is essential for pregnant women to avoid inhaling the product and not to let it come in

contact with the skin.

Personal protective equipment should be selected specifically for the working place, depending on concentration and quantity handled. The resistance of this equipment to

chemicals should be ascertained with the respective supplier.

Respiratory protectionNot required under normal conditions.

Thermal hazards No information available.

Delimitation and monitoring of the

environmental exposition

Comply with applicable environmental regulations limiting discharge to air, water and soil.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form liquid
Color clear
pink
Odor mild

Odour threshold No information available.

pH-value 1

pH-value [1%] No information available.

Boiling point [°C] > 100

Flash point [°C] not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas) [°C] not applicable
Lower explosion limit not applicable
Upper explosion limit not applicable

Oxidising properties no

Vapour pressure/gas pressure [kPa]No information available.Density [g/ml]1,05 (20 °C / 68,0 °F)Bulk density [kg/m³]not applicable

Solubility in water soluble

Partition coefficient [n-octanol/water] No information available

Viscosity

No information available.

Relative vapour density determined

No information available.

No information available.

in air

No information available.

Melting point [°C] < 0

Autoignition temperature [°C] not applicable

Decomposition temperature [°C]No information available.

9.2 Other information

Evaporation speed

none

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reactions known if used as directed.



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10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reactions with alkalies (lyes).

Reactions with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Strong heating. Sunlight

10.5 Incompatible materials

See SECTION 10.3.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No dangerous reactions known if used as directed. In the event of fire: See SECTION 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Substance	
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),.alpha(2-propyklheptyl)omegahydroxy-, CAS: 160875-66-1	
LD50, dermal, Rabbit: >2000 mg/kg bw.	
LD50, oral, Rat: >700 - 1700 mg/kg bw.	
Hydrochloric acid, CAS: 7647-01-0	
LD50, dermal, Rabbit: > 5010 mg/kg.	
Thiourea, CAS: 62-56-6	
LD50, dermal, Rabbit: > 2000 mg/kg (Lit.).	
LD50, oral, Rat: 1750 mg/kg.	

Serious eye damage/irritation Risk of serious damage to eyes.

The classification is due to the extreme pH.

Skin corrosion/irritation Product is caustic.

The classification is due to the extreme pH.

Respiratory or skin sensitisationToxicological data of complete product are not available.

Based on the available information, the classification criteria are not fulfilled.

Specific target organ toxicity —

single exposure

Toxicological data of complete product are not available.

Based on the available information, the classification criteria are not fulfilled.

Specific target organ toxicity —

repeated exposure

Toxicological data of complete product are not available.

Mutagenicity Toxicological data of complete product are not available.

Based on the available information, the classification criteria are not fulfilled.

Based on the available information, the classification criteria are not fulfilled.

Reproduction toxicity Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Calculation method

Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer.

Calculation method

Aspiration hazard Based on the available information, the classification criteria are not fulfilled.

General remarks

none



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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Substance	
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),.alpha(2-propyklheptyl)omegahydroxy-, CAS: 160875-66-1	
LC50, (96h), Oncorhynchus mykiss: >10 - 100 mg/L.	
EC50, (72h), Scenedesmus subspicatus: >10 - 100 mg/L.	
EC50, (48h), Daphnia magna: >10 - 100 mg/L.	
Hydrochloric acid, CAS: 7647-01-0	
LC50, (96h), Lepomis macrochirus: 24,6 mg/l.	
EC50, (72h), Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 0,78 mg/l.	
EC50, (48h), Daphnia magna: 0,492 mg/l.	
Thiourea, CAS: 62-56-6	
LC50, (96h), Danio rerio: 10000 mg/l.	
EC50, (96h), Desmodesmus subspicatus: 6,8 mg/l.	
EC50, (48h), Daphnia magna: 5,6-18,0 mg/l.	

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Behaviour in environment

compartments

No information available.

Behaviour in sewage plant Neutralization is normally necessary before a waste water is discharged into sewage

treatment plants.

Biological degradability The surfactants contained in this preparation comply with the biodegradability criteria as laid

down in Regulation (EC) No.648/2004 on detergents.

Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member States and will be made available to them, at their direct request or at the request of

a detergent manufacturer.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Based on all available information not to be classified as PBT or vPvB respectively.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Harmful effect due to pH shift.

Ecological data of complete product are not available.

Do not discharge product unmonitored into the environment or into the drainage.



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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste material must be disposed of in accordance with the Directive on waste 2008/98/EC as well as other national and local regulations. It is not possible to determine a waste code for this product in accordance with the European Waste Catalogue (EWC) since it is only possible to classify it according to how it is used by the customer. The waste code is to be determined within the EU in liaison with the waste-disposal operator.

Product

For recycling, consult manufacturer.

Coordinate disposal with the authorities if necessary.

Dispose of as hazardous waste.

Waste no. (recommended) 200129*

Contaminated packaging

Uncontaminated packaging may be taken for recycling.

Packaging that cannot be cleaned should be disposed of as for product.

Waste no. (recommended) 150110*

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

Transport by land according to

ADR/RID

1760

Inland navigation (ADN) 1760

Marine transport in accordance with 1760

IMDG

Air transport in accordance with IATA 1760



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Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Hydrochloric acid, surfactant)

Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Hydrochloric acid, surfactant)

14.2 UN proper shipping name

Transport by land according to

ADR/RID

- Classification Code

- Label

- ADR LQ 11

- ADR 1.1.3.6 (8.6) Transport category (tunnel restriction code) 2 (E)

Inland navigation (ADN) Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Hydrochloric acid, surfactant)

C9

- Classification Code C9

- Label

Marine transport in accordance with

IMDG

- EMS F-A, S-B

- Label

- IMDG LQ

Air transport in accordance with IATA Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Hydrochloric acid, surfactant)

- Label



14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Transport by land according to

ADR/RID

8

Ш

Inland navigation (ADN) 8

Marine transport in accordance with 8

IMDG

Air transport in accordance with IATA 8

14.4 Packing group

Transport by land according to

ADR/RID

Inland navigation (ADN) Ш

Marine transport in accordance with ||

IMDG

Air transport in accordance with IATA II



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14.5 Environmental hazards

Transport by land according to

ADR/RID

no

Inland navigation (ADN)

no

Marine transport in accordance with

IMDG

Air transport in accordance with IATA no

14.6 Special precautions for user

Relevant information under SECTION 6 to 8.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

No information available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EEC-REGULATIONS 1991/689 (2001/118); 1999/13; 2004/42; 648/2004; 1907/2006 (REACH); 1272/2008;

75/324/EEC (2008/47/EC); 453/2010/EC; (EU) 2015/830

TRANSPORT-REGULATIONS DOT-Classification, ADR (2015); IMDG-Code (2015, 37. Amdt.); IATA-DGR (2016).

NATIONAL REGULATIONS (GB): EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Second edition, published December 2011).

CHIP 3/ CHIP 4

- Observe employment restrictions

for people

Observe employment restrictions for young people.

Observe employment restrictions for mothers-to-be and nursing mothers.

- VOC (1999/13/CE) No information available.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

16.1 Hazard statements (SECTION 03)

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H290 May be corrosive to metals. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.



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16.2 Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR = Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route

RID = Règlement concernant le transport international ferroviaire de marchandises dangereuses

ADN = Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voie de navigation intérieure

CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging

DMEL = Derived Minimum Effect Level

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EC50 = Median effective concentration

ECB = European Chemicals Bureau EEC = European Economic Community

EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS = European List of Notified Chemical Substances

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC-Code = International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying

Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk

IC50 = Inhibition concentration, 50%

IMDG = International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IUCLID = International Uniform Chemical Information Database

LC50 = Lethal concentration, 50%

LD50 = Median lethal dose

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance

PNEC = Predicted No-Effect Concentration

REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

TLV®/TWA = Threshold limit value – time-weighted average TLV®STEL = Threshold limit value – short-time exposure limit

VOC = Volatile Organic Compounds

vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

16.3 Other information

Classification procedure Skin Corr. 1A: H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. (Expert judgement)

Eye Dam. 1: H318 Causes serious eye damage. (Expert judgement) Carc. 2: H351 Suspected of causing cancer. (Calculation method)

Repr. 2: H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child. (Calculation method)

Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. (Calculation method)

Modified position none



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